Differential Geometry, Fall 2014 School of Mathematics, Shandong University

注意事项:

A, 卷面分5分,试题总分95分.其中卷面整洁,书写规范(5分);

卷面较整洁,书写较规范(3分);书写潦草,乱涂乱画(0分). B.可能用到的公式:

1,
$$\Gamma_{ij}^{k} = \frac{1}{2} \sum g^{kl} \left(\frac{\partial g_{il}}{\partial u^{j}} + \frac{\partial g_{jl}}{\partial u^{i}} - \frac{\partial g_{ij}}{\partial u^{l}} \right).$$

2, $\int \frac{dx}{a+b\cos x} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{a^{2}-b^{2}}} \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{a-b}{a+b}}\tan\frac{x}{2}\right), \quad (a > b).$

14:00–16:30, Jan. 20, 2015

1.(15 points) (1), Find the curvature and torsion of $\alpha(t) = (\cos t, \sin t, 3t)$. (2), Suppose γ is an arc length parametrized curve with the property that

$$\gamma(s)| \le |\gamma(s_0)| = R$$

for all s sufficiently close to s_0 . Prove that the curvature $k(s_0) \geq \frac{1}{R}$.

2.(10 points) Suppose x is a coordinate patch such that $g_{11} = 1$ and $g_{12} = 0$. Prove that the u^1 -curve are geodesic.

3.(20 points) Let X_N be the tangential component of the normal vector N of a unit speed curve γ on a surface M. Let n be the unit normal vector to a coordinate patch in M

(1), Prove that $X_N = N - \langle N, n \rangle n$ and X_N is a vector field along γ .

(2), Prove that the following are equivalent:

(i), $X_N = 0$; (ii), γ is a geodesic; (iii), X_N is parallel along γ .

4.(20 points) (1), State the local Gauss-Bonnet formula.

(2), Let $\mathbf{x}(u, v) = (\cos u \cos v, \cos u \sin v, \sin u)$ be the unit sphere. Let \mathcal{R} be the region bounded by the meridians $v = 0, \frac{\pi}{2}$ and the circles of latitude $u = 0, \frac{\pi}{4}$. Checking the local Guass-Bonnet formula for the region \mathcal{R} .

5.(30 points) Consider the Torus T parametrized by $x : [0, 2\pi]^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ with

$$\mathbf{x}(u, v) = ((a + \cos u) \cos v, (a + \cos u) \sin v, \sin u), \ a > 1.$$

(1), Compute the first and second fundamental forms.

(2), Compute the Gaussian curvature K and the mean curvature H.

(3), Find the elliptic, hyperbolic and parabolic points.

(4), Checking the global Gauss-Bonnet formula for the torus T:

$$\iint_T K dA = 2\pi \chi(T).$$

(5), Show that the Willmore inequality:

$$\iint_T H^2 dA \ge 2\pi^2.$$

Guanghua Ji School of Mathematics Shandong University Jinan, Shandong 250100 P. R. China ghji@sdu.edu.cn